

# Photoelectrics

## Diffuse-reflective

### Type PD32CND50

CARLO GAVAZZI



- Miniature sensor range
- Range: 500 mm
- Sensitivity adjustment by Teach-In programming
- Modulated, red light 660 nm
- Supply voltage: 10 to 30 VDC
- Output: 100 mA, NPN or PNP preset
- Make and break switching function programmable
- LED for output indication, signal stability and power ON
- Protection: reverse polarity, short circuit and transients
- Cable and plug versions
- Compact housing
- Excellent EMC performance

## Product Description

The PD32CND50 sensor family comes in a compact 12 x 32 x 20 mm reinforced PMMA/ABS-housing. The sensors are useful in applications where high-accuracy detection as well as small size is required.

The Teach-In function for adjustment of the sensitivity makes the sensors highly flexible. The output type is preset (NPN or PNP), and the output switching function is programmable (NO or NC).

## Ordering Key

**PD32CND50PPM5T**

Type	_____
Housing style	_____
Housing size	_____
Housing material	_____
Housing length	_____
Detection principle	_____
Sensing distance	_____
Output type	_____
Output configuration	_____
Connection type	_____
Teach-In	_____

## Type Selection

Housing W x H x D	Range S <sub>n</sub>	Ordering no. NPN & PNP cable Make & break switching	Ordering no. NPN & PNP plug Make & break switching
12 x 32 x 20 mm	500 mm	PD 32 CND 50 NPT PD 32 CND 50 PPT	PD 32 CND 50 NPM5T PD 32 CND 50 PPM5T

## Specifications

<b>Rated operating distance (S<sub>n</sub>)</b>	Up to 500 mm, reference target Kodak test card R 27, white, 90% reflectivity, 100 x 100 mm	<b>Light source</b>	GaAlAs, LED, 660 nm red, modulated
<b>Blind zone</b>	None	<b>Light type</b>	± 2°
<b>Sensitivity</b>	Adjustable by Teach-In (push button or wire)	<b>Sensing angle</b>	5,000 lux
<b>Temperature drift</b>	≤ 1%/°C	<b>Ambient light</b>	12 x 12 mm @ 160 mm
<b>Hysteresis (H) (differential travel)</b>	≤ 10%	<b>Light spot</b>	1000 Hz
<b>Rated operational volt. (U<sub>B</sub>)</b>	10 to 30 VDC (ripple included)	<b>Operating frequency</b>	≤ 0.5 ms
<b>Ripple (U<sub>rpp</sub>)</b>	≤ 10%	<b>Response time</b>	≤ 0.5 ms
<b>Output current</b>		<b>Power ON delay (t<sub>v</sub>)</b>	≤ 300 ms
Continuous (I <sub>a</sub> )	≤ 100 mA	<b>Output function</b>	Preset
Short-time (I)	≤ 100 mA (max. load capacity 100 nF)	NPN and PNP	Set up by button
<b>No load supply current (I<sub>o</sub>)</b>	≤ 25 mA @ 24 VDC	NO/NC switching function	
<b>Minimum operational current (I<sub>m</sub>)</b>	0.5 mA	<b>Indication</b>	
<b>OFF-state current (I<sub>r</sub>)</b>	≤ 100 μA	Output ON	LED, yellow
<b>Voltage drop (U<sub>d</sub>)</b>	≤ 2.4 VDC @ 100 mA	Signal stability ON and power ON	LED, green
<b>Protection</b>	Short-circuit, reverse polarity and transients	<b>Environment</b>	
		Installation category	II (IEC 60664/60664A; 60947-1)
		Pollution degree	3 (IEC 60664/60664A; 60947-1)
		Degree of protection	IP 67 (IEC 60529; 60947-1)



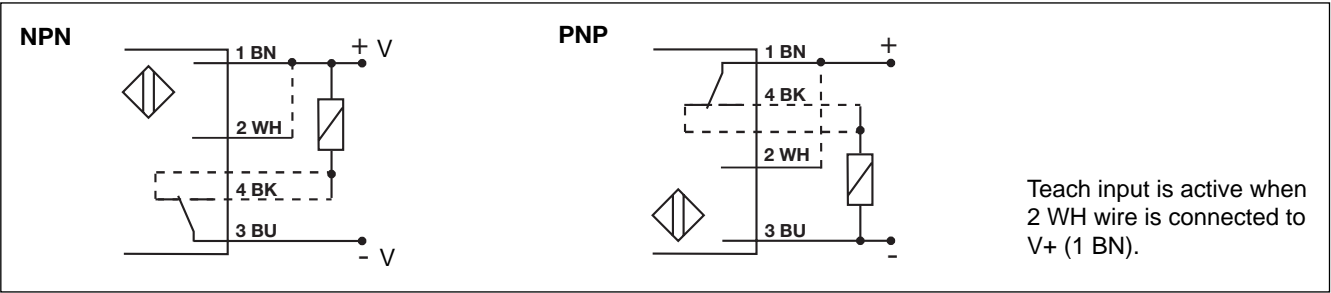
Specifications (cont.)

Ambient temperature		Connection	
Operating	-20° to +60°C (-4° to +140°F)	Cable	PUR, black, 2 m 4 x 0.14 mm², Ø = 3.6 mm
Storage	-20° to +80°C (-4° to +176°F)	Plug	M8, 4-pin
Vibration	10 to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm/7.5 g (IEC 60068-2-6)	Weight	With cable: 40 g With plug: 10 g
Shock	30 g / 11 ms, 3 pos, 3 neg per axis (IEC 60068-2-6, 60068-2-32)	CE-marking	Yes
Rated insulation voltage	500 VAC (rms)	Approval	cUL
Housing material			
Body	ABS, black		
Front material	PMMA, red		

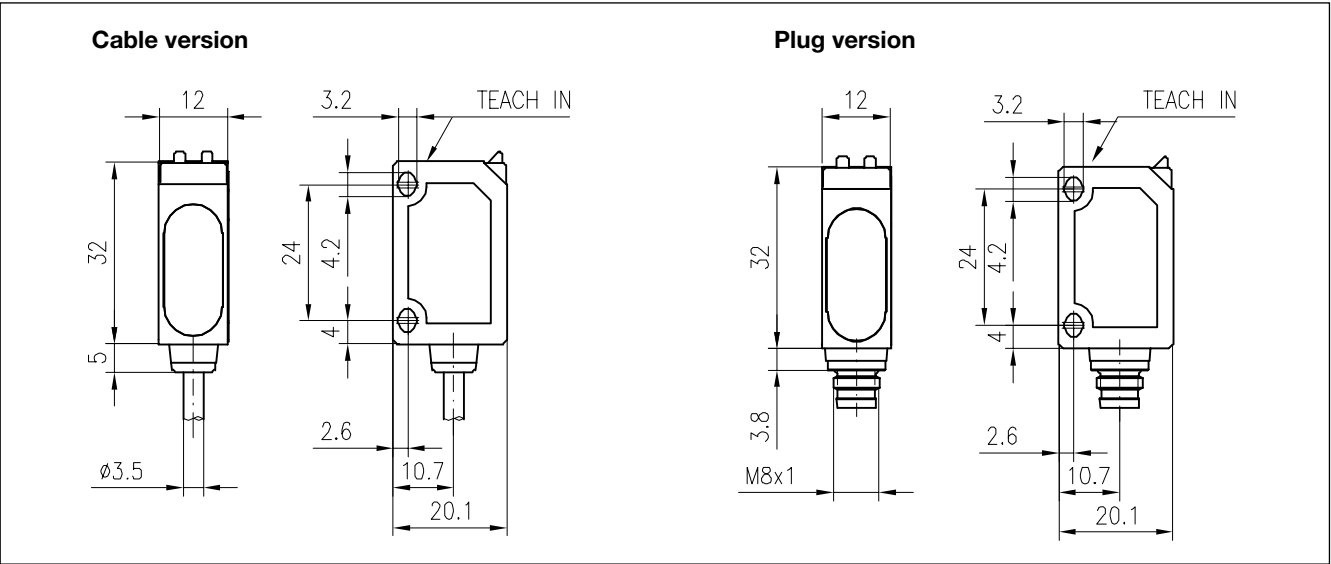
Operation Diagram



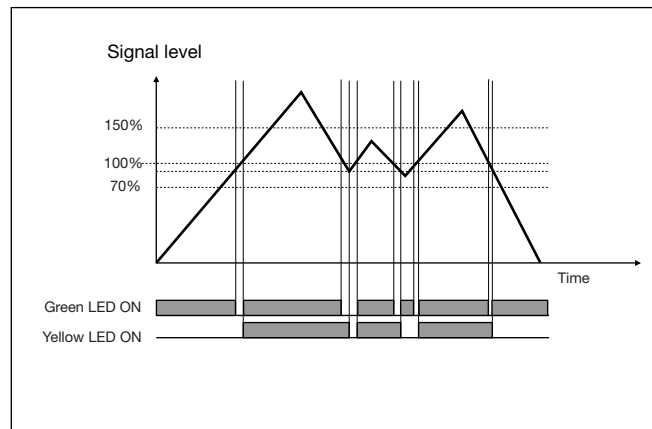
Wiring Diagrams



Dimensions

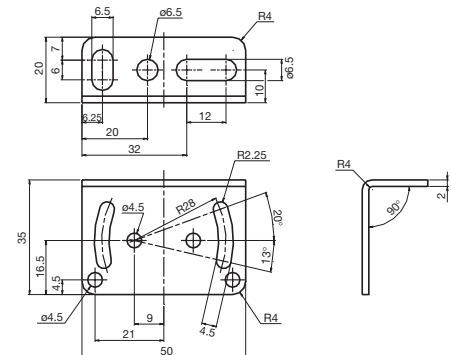


### Signal Stability Indication



## Accessories

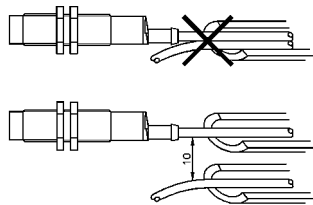
### Mounting bracket APD32-MB1



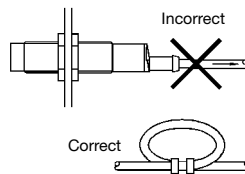
For further information refer to “Accessories”

## Installation Hints

To avoid interference from inductive voltage/ current peaks, separate the prox. switch power cables from any other power cables, e.g. motor, contactor or solenoid cables

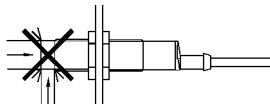


Relief of cable strain
------------------------



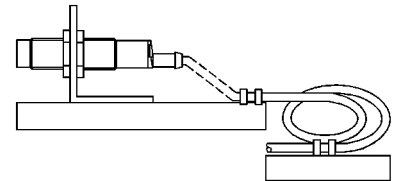
The cable should not be pulled

Protection of the sensing face
--------------------------------



A proximity switch should not serve as mechanical stop

Switch mounted on mobile carrier
----------------------------------



Any repetitive flexing of the cable should be avoided

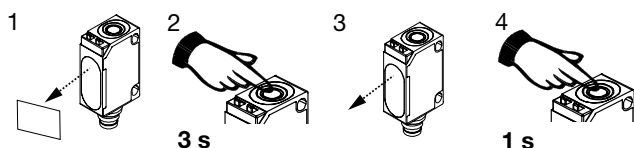
## Delivery Contents

- Photoelectric switch: PD 32 CND 50 ...
- Installation instruction
- **Packaging:** Cardboard box


## Adjustment

### Sensitivity adjustment, with static object



1. Line up the sensor with the object. Yellow LED and green LED are ON.
2. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously (the first switching point is stored).
3. Place the object outside the detection area.
4. Press the button for 1 s.
  - a) The green LED flashes and stays ON: the second switching point is stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.
  - b) Both LED's flash simultaneously: the sensor cannot detect the object, no switching points are stored.



### Programming of make and break switching function

1. Press the button for 13 s.  **13 s**  
Both LED's flash alternately.
2. Release the button: the green LED flashes.
3. While the green LED flashes, the output is inverted each time the button is pressed. This is indicated by the yellow LED.  
When the button is not pressed for 10 s, the current output function is stored.  
The sensor is now ready for operation.

### Default setting



1. No object in the detection area: Press the button for 3 s, until both LED's flash simultaneously.  **3 s**
2. No object in the detection area: Press the button for 1 s.  **1 s**  
The sensor is set to maximum sensitivity.

**NB!** The Teach Input (2 WH) will work similarly to the push button, active High.

### Sensitivity adjustment, with only one object

1. Line up the sensor with the object. Yellow LED and green LED are ON.
2. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously (the first switching point is stored).
3. Leave the object in the detection area, press the button for 1 s. The green LED flashes and stays on: the second switching point is stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.

### Sensitivity adjustment, with a running process

1. Line up the sensor with the object. Green LED is ON. At this stage the status of the yellow LED can be ignored.
2. The running process must be the only "object" within the detection area. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously.  
 **3 s**
3. Press the button for at least the duration of one process cycle.  
 **1 cycle**
  - a) The green LED flashes and stays ON: both switching points have been stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.
  - b) Both LED's flash simultaneously: the sensor cannot detect the object, no switching points are stored.